



Ray Sub Series

RS18 Subwoofer



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GOING ONE STEP FURTHER IN LOW FREQUENCY CONTROL: RAY SUB TECHNOLOGY

Radiation control of low frequencies is hard to achieve due to wavelength being larger than cabinet size. Consequently, most of current subwoofers available on the audio-professional market are omnidirectional.

Drawbacks in using omnidirectional subwoofers are known by experienced engineers:

- Low Frequency sound pressure level is typically higher on stage than over the audience; high-pass filters are mandatory in almost all microphones inputs to avoid feedback from the microphones to the subwoofers. Moreover, gain from microphone to speakers is highly limited due to that feedback (reinforcing a double-bass can be an enormous challenge);
- Indoor environments typically have much higher reverberation time in the Low Frequency range than in the mid and high Frequencies. This characteristic is emphasized by the omnidirectional pattern of conventional subwoofers (all sound engineers experienced kick drum lasting forever);
- Many outdoor shows occur nearby residential areas where noise constraints are very restrictive; in such cases, low frequencies levels over the audience have to be limited so that environment criterias are fulfilled (possibly leading to unacceptable wideband limitations).

Gradient subwoofers provide an elegant solution to the above issues, based on a technology that is a simple transposition to sound sources of what has been applied for decades in microphones: radiated field derives from pressure differences generated from two (or more) sources:

- Rear radiation is lowered by more than 12 dB, which benefits to stage as well as to neighbours;
- Direct to reverberant ratio is increased by nearly 6 dB in the low frequency range (which potentially gives back a kick drum its original "punch").

However, there are efficiency limitations: gain in lower bandwidth is reduced when sources become too close in relation to wavelength, and pattern control is limited in upper bandwidth when both sources interfere destructively in the radiation axis. Operating bandwidth were efficiency combines with pattern control is around 2 octaves. Poor correlation between cabinet design and targeted specifications leads to two (and eventually more) drivers in directional mode producing less energy than one driver in omnidirectional mode, which is not acceptable for simple practical aspects such as weight and volume.

It is now 8 years that NEXO has released its first gradient subwoofer - the CD12 -, complemented since then with the CD18, GEO SUB and RS15. These have been quickly adopted worldwide as standards, and are considered today as state of the art subwoofers. This success is a consequence of proper cabinet design and optimized definition of phase relations through sophisticated DSP algorithms leading to high directional control and SPL output.

With RAY SUB patent pending technology, NEXO is again moving one step forward. RAY SUB technology is about optimizing positioning and phase relationship of radiating surfaces in vented enclosures, so that acoustic distance from rear to front sections always increases as frequency decreases; consequently, rear and front section always sum up efficiently - typically 5 dB gain from rear section in the forward direction - and cancel in the rearward direction.

Used as a single cabinet, RAY SUB Technology allows the same cabinet to be configured for any polar pattern, omnidirectional as a standard direct radiating subwoofer when speakers are facing the audience, or highly directional when cabinet is rotated speakers sideways or upwards.

Used in arrays, RAY SUB subwoofers can be set back to back, front to front, in vertical columns, and beam-steered upwards or downwards provided column length is sufficient.

NEXO RAY SUB technology brings a never achieved low frequency directional control to the sound reinforcement industry, raising one more time NEXO standards.

SAFETY ISSUES

IMPORTANT NOTICE CONCERNING HIGH SOUND PRESSURE LEVELS



Exposure to extremely high noise levels may cause a permanent hearing loss. Individuals vary considerably in susceptibility to noise-induced hearing loss, but nearly everyone will lose some hearing if exposed to sufficiently intense noise for a sufficient of time. The U.S. Government's Occupational and Health Administration (OSHA) has specified the following permissible noise level exposures: Sound Duration Per

Day In Hours	Sound Level dBA, Slow Response
8	90
6	92
4	65
3	97
2	100
1 1⁄2	102
1	105
1/2	110
1/4 or less	115

According to OSHA, any exposure in excess of the above permissible limits could result in some hearing loss. Ear plugs or protectors to the ear canals or over the ears must be worn when operating this amplification system in order to prevent a permanent hearing loss, if exposure is in excess of the limits as set forth above. To ensure against potentially dangerous exposure to high sound pressure levels, it is recommended that all persons exposed to equipment capable of producing high sound pressure levels such as this amplification system be protected by hearing protectors while this unit is in operation.

SYSTEM RIGGING SAFETY RULES



Before use of RS Subwoofers, please ensure that anyone involved in system deployment understands the rigging and stacking Safety rules as described in the "RS18 HARDWARE, SAFETY FIRST" section. Failure to do this exposes people to potential injury or death.

ELECTRICAL SAFETY

WARNING ! NX242-ES4 DIGITAL CONTROLLER, NXAMP4x1 AND NXAMP4x4 POWERED CONTROLLERS ARE CLASS 1 APPARATUS AND MUST BE EARTHED.



The green and yellow wire of the mains cord must always be connected to an installation safety earth or ground. The earth is essential for personal safety as well as the correct operation of the system, and is internally connected to all exposed metal surfaces.

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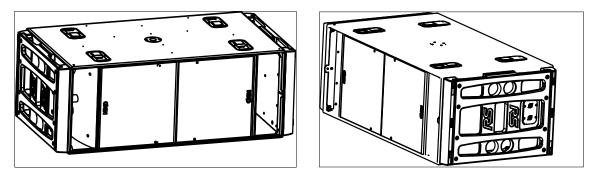
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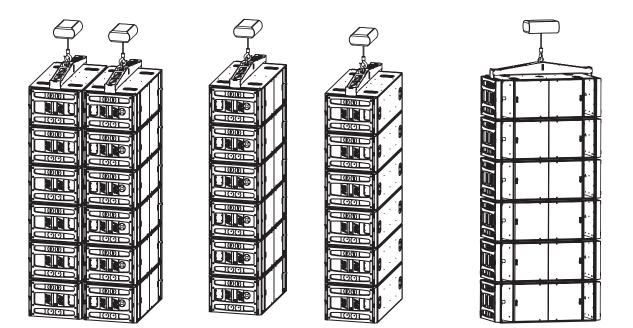
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INTRODUCTION

Thank you for selecting a NEXO RS18 Subwoofer System. This manual is intended to provide you with necessary and useful information about your RS System, which includes the following products:



- RS18 is a Directivity Configurable Subwoofer, which comprises two 18" (46cm) long excursion Neodynium direct radiating drivers mounted in a dual volume vented enclosure with aerodynamic profiled vents; its coverage ranges from omnidirectional to highly directional and its frequency response extends from VLF to LF ranges. Two versions are available (Touring and Fix installations), with two finishing for both versions (carpeted or painted).
- a full range of accessories that provides safe, flexible and simple means of transporting and installing RS18 subwoofers in fixed installation as well as in touring applications. These include flying hardware, dolly and wheelboard.



As for all NEXO systems, the RS18 is controlled, powered and monitored by dedicated NEXO TDControllers:

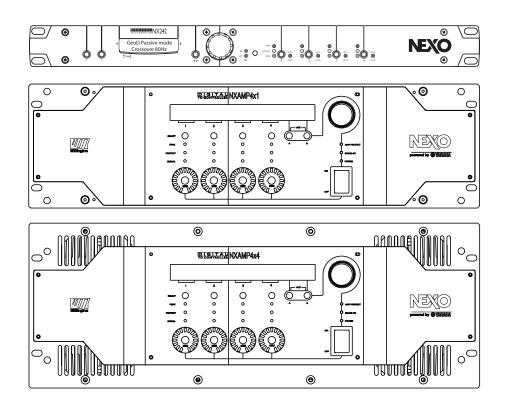
 NX242-ES4 Digital TDController provides comprehensive control of RS18 loudspeakers in multiple configurations. It allows Ethersound[™] digital audio networking, as well as remote control for all units in the network. It has 2 analogue / 4 digital inputs and 4 analogue / 4 digital outputs;

IMPORTANT : NX242 must be equipped with NX-Tension Card to access RS18 directional mode setups

 NXAMP4x1 and NXAMP 4x4 are Powered Digital Controllers, providing full control and amplification for RS18 in multiple configurations. Both devices feature 4 analogue inputs and 4 speaker outputs.When equipped with optional card, 4 digital inputs in EthersoundTM digital audio network format as well as remote control for all units in the network become available.

For a complete description of these controllers, please refer to User Manuals. The NX242 and NXAMP DSP algorithms and parameters are fixed in software and updated regularly: Please consult the NEXO web site (<u>www.nexo.fr</u>) for the latest software releases.

Please devote your time and attention to reading this manual. A comprehensive understanding of RS18 specific features will help you to operate your system at its full potential.



2 RS18 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

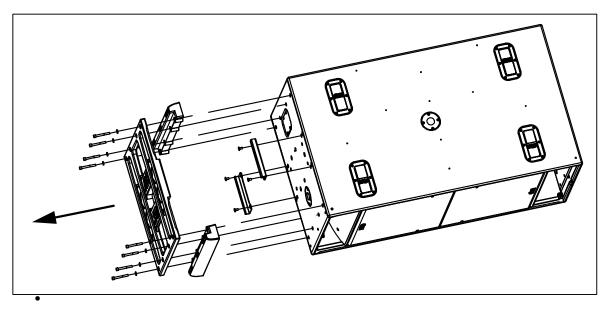
2.1 Mounting Rigging Plate

IMPORTANT

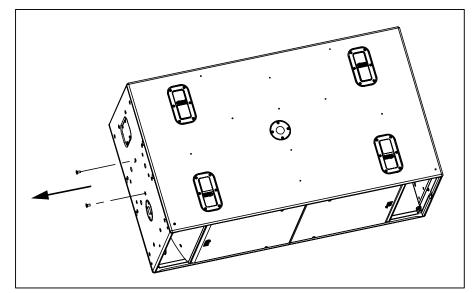
IN ORDER TO PREVENT SCREWS FROM GETTING LOOSE, USE BLOCKING LIQUID LOCTITE[™] 243 OR EQUIVALENT FOR ALL SCREWS USED WITH RS18 ACCESSORIES.

2.1.1 RS18 Painted

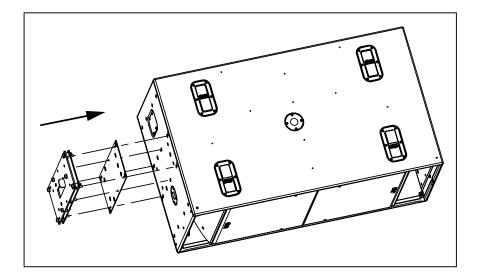
- Tools: Allen Key 6mm.
- Remove the twelve screws on each side of RS18.



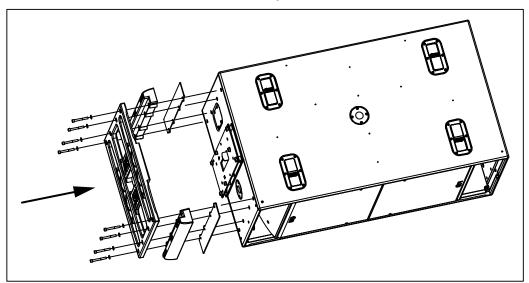
• Remove the four screws on each side of RS18.



- Insert Spacer between cabinet and Rigging plates.
- Fill each screw hole with Loctite 243 or equivalent.
- Tighten the 6 screws alternately, at the rate of 4 revolutions per screw.



- Fill each screw hole with Loctite 243 or equivalent.
- Insert the 8 handles washers and screws and tight them.

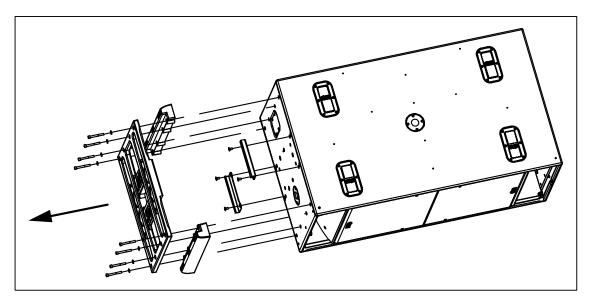


INSTALLING PAINTED RS18 RIGGING PLATES

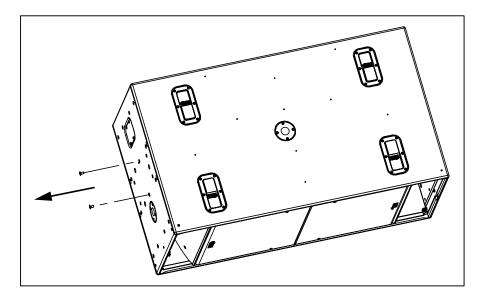
IMPORTANT RS18 handles must not be used to fly RS18's (through illegal use of straps for example)

2.1.2 RS18 Carpeted

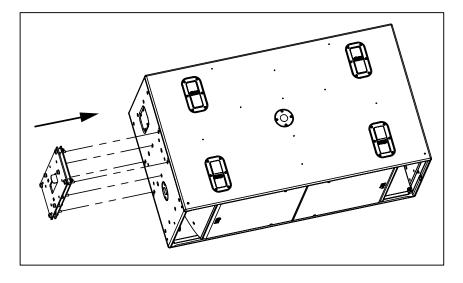
- Tools: Allen Key 6mm.
- Remove the twelve screws on each side of RS18.



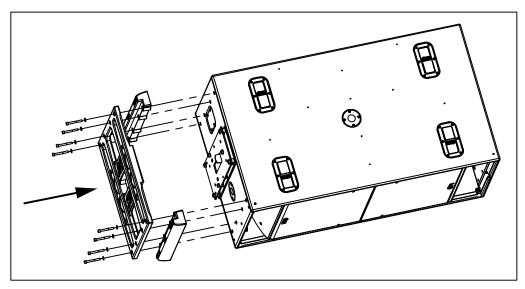
• Remove the four screws on each side of RS18.



- Fill each screw hole with Loctite 243 or equivalent.
- Tighten the 6 screws alternately, at the rate of 4 revolutions per screw.



- Fill each screw hole with Loctite 243[™] or equivalent.
- Insert the 8 Handles washers and screws and tight them.



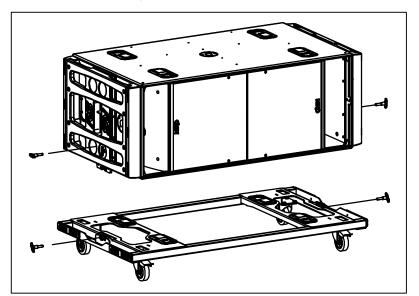
INSTALLING CARPETED RS18 RIGGING PLATES

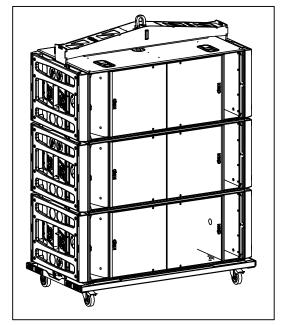
IMPORTANT RS18 handles must not be used to fly RS18's (through illegal use of straps for example)

2.1.3 RS18 Dolly

IMPORTANT 1- TRANSPORTING RS18 ON DOLLY REQUIRES THAT FLYING PLATES ARE INSTALLED ON ALL CABINETS SO THAT RS18'S CAN BE SECURED TOGETHER: 2- RS18 DOLLY IS DESIGNED FOR UP TO 3 RS18'S AND BUMPER; <u>NEVER EXCEED THESE QUANTITIES</u>.

- The first RS18 must be locked to the RS18 dolly using 4 push-pins according to below drawing;
- Subsequent RS18s are stacked on top using four push-pins per additional cabinet to secure the assembly.
- Bumper is to be attached to the top cabinet.

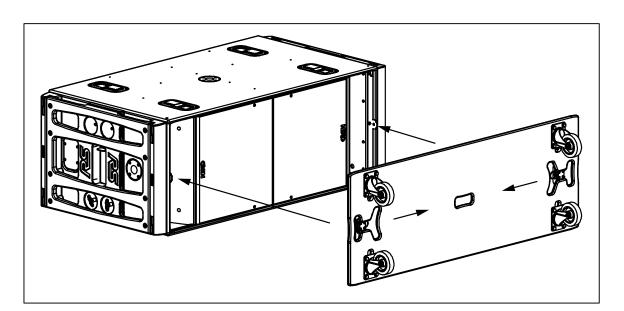


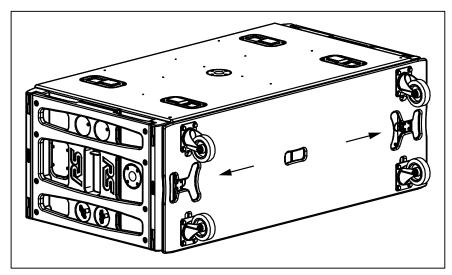


2.1.4 RS18 Wheel Board

- Pull wheel board lockers inwards;
- Maintain lockers while positioning wheel board on RS18 front panel ;
- Release lockers.







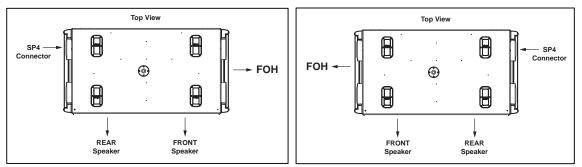
2.2 Speaker connection

2.2.1 Configuring Connector and Owner plates

Owner and connector plates can be exchanged depending on chosen directional configuration.

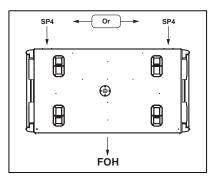
Please note that connector plates can pass through the holes, it is therefore not required to unsolder the connectors.

- Directional Mode : it is recommended to install the connector panel on the side which supports the rigging plates;
- Connection side is always opposite to FOH (main lobe direction)



CONNECTOR PLATE IN DIRECTIONAL MODE

• Omni Mode: it is recommended to install the connector panel on the side opposite to the drivers (factory default configuration)



CONNECTOR PLATE IN OMNI MODE

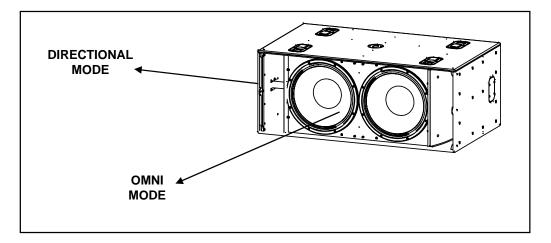
2.2.2 RS18 connectors

RS18 is connected through Speakon NL4FC plugs (not supplied).

Either connector can be used to connect an amplifier or to link to an additional RS18 cabinet.

Connectors are wired as follows:

Speakon NL4F Connectors		Omni Mode	Directional Mode	Comment
1(-)	\Rightarrow	18'' driver Right (-)	18'' driver Rear (-)	Driver Next to Connector
1(+)	\Rightarrow	18'' driver Right (+)	18'' driver Rear (+)	Panel
2(-)	\Rightarrow	18'' driver Left (-)	18'' driver Front (-)	Driver Opposite to
2(+)	\Rightarrow	18'' driver Left (+)	18'' driver Front (+)	Connector Panel



2.2.3 Cabling

- NEXO recommends the exclusive use of multi-conductor cables to connect the system: the cable kit
 is compatible with all the cabinets, and there is no possible confusion between Front and Rear
 drivers.
- Cable choice consists mainly of selecting cables of the correct sectional dimension (size) in relation to the load resistance and the cable length. Too small a cable section will increase both its serial resistance and its capacitance; this reduces the electrical power delivered to the loudspeaker and can also induce response (damping factor) variations.
- For a serial resistance less or equal to 4% of the load impedance (damping factor = 25), the maximum cable length is given by:

 $L_{max} = Z \times S$ S in mm², Z in Ohm, L_{max} in meters

• The table below indicates these values, for 3 common sizes.

Load Impedance (Ω)	2	4	8
Cable section	Maximum Length (meters)		
2,5 mm ² (AWG #12)	5	10	20
4 mm² (AWG #10)	8	16	32

2.2.4 Example

- Each RS18 driver has a 8 Ohms nominal impedance; in omni mode, both loudspeakers can be driven in parallel on one amplifier channel, presenting therefore a 8/2 = 4 Ohms load impedance. The maximum acceptable 2x2.5 mm² (AWG #12) cable length L_{max} for RS18 with its 2 drivers in parallel is 10 meters.
- When driven in directional mode, RS18 requires 2 amplifier channels, presenting therefore two
 independent 8 Ohm load impedances. The maximum acceptable 4x1.5 mm² (AWG #110) cable
 length L_{max} for RS18 with its 2 drivers driven independently is 32 meters.

IMPORTANT

Long speaker cables induce capacitive effects - up to hundreds of pF depending on the quality of the cable - with a low-pass-pass effect on high frequencies. If long speaker cables must be used, ensure that they do not remain coiled while in use.

3 AMPLIFIER SELECTION FOR USE WITH RS18

NEXO recommends high power amplifiers in all cases. Budget constraints are the only reason to select lower power amplifiers. A lower power amplifier will not reduce the chances of driver damage due to over-excursion, and may actually increase the risk of thermal damage due to sustained clipping. If an incident occurs on an installation without protection, the fact that amplifiers only generating half their rated output power (-3dB) are used will not change anything in respect of possible damage. This is due to the fact that the RMS power handling of the weakest component in the system is always 6 to 10 dB lower than the amplifier rating.

3.1 RS18 recommended amplification

RS18 is rated for very high power handling and has a 2x8 Ohms nominal impedance.

Nexo recommends amplifiers in agreement with table below:

Recommended	OMNI MODE	DIRECTIONAL MODE
Amplifier#		
1 x RS18	2 x 1250 Watts to 3000 Watts / 8 Ohms or	2 x 1250 to 3000 Watts / 8 Ohms
	1 x 2500 Watts to 6000 Watts / 4 Ohms (*)	

(*) driving both drivers in parallel requires dedicated speaker cable

3.2 Current rating

It is very important that the amplifier behaves correctly under low load conditions. A speaker system is reactive by nature: on transient signals like music it will require four to ten times more instantaneous current than its nominal impedance would indicate. Amplifiers are generally specified by continuous RMS power into resistive loads; however the only useful information about current capacity is the specification into a 2 Ohm load. It is possible to perform an amplifier listening test by loading the amps with twice the number of cabinets considered for the application (2 speakers per channel instead of one, 4 instead of 2) and running the amps up to the onset of clipping. If the signal does not noticeably deteriorate, the amplifier is well adapted (overheating after approximately ten minutes is normal but thermal protection must not operate too quickly after starting this test).

3.3 Amplifier settings

Gain value

Gain is the key to correct alignment of the system. It is especially important to know the gain of all amplifiers used in your set-up. The tolerance should be about ± 0.5 dB. In practice this can be difficult to achieve because:

- Some amplifier brands have an identical input sensitivity for models of different power rating (this
 infers a different voltage gain for each model). For example, a range of amplifiers with different power
 outputs, all having a published input sensitivity of 775mV/0dBm or 1.55V/+6dBm, will have a wide
 range of actual gains the higher the power, the greater the gain.
- Various other brands may offer constant gain but only within a given product range, for example they may fit fixed input sensitivity only on their semi-professional amps.
- Even if a manufacturer applies the constant gain rule to all models, the value selected will not necessarily be the same as that chosen by other manufacturers.
- Some products can exhibit manufacturing tolerances for the same model of ±1dB or more. Some
 amplifiers may have been modified, possibly without any label indicating the new values. Others may
 have gain switches fitted internally where it is impossible for the user to verify the actual setting
 without opening the amplifier casing.
- In cases where you don't know the gain of your amplifier (or want to check it) please follow this
 procedure:
 - 1) Unplug any loudspeakers from the amplifier outputs

- 2) With a signal generator, feed a sine wave at 1000Hz at a known voltage (say 0.5V) to the input of the amplifier under test
- 3) Measure the voltage at the output of the amplifier
- 4) Calculate the gain using the formula $Gain = 20 * LOG_{10}(Vout/Vin)$.

Some examples:

Vin / Gain	20dB	26dB	32dB	37dB (1.4V sensitivity / 1350Wrms)
0.1 V	1 V	2 V	4 V	7.1 V
0.5 V	5 V	10 V	20 V	35.4 V
1 V	10 V	20 V	40 V	70.8 V

Remember that constant sensitivity settings will give a different gain value when the amplifier power is different.

NEXO recommends low gain amplifiers: +26dB is recommended, as it is at the same time adequately low and quite common amongst amplifier manufacturers. This gain setting improves signal to noise ratio and allows all preceding electronic equipment, including the NX242-ES4 TDcontroller, to operate at optimum level. Remember that using a high gain amplifier will raise the noise floor proportionally.

Operating Mode

Most two channel amplifiers available on the pro-audio market have the following operating modes:

- <u>Stereo:</u> two fully independent channels deliver identical power into identical loads
- <u>Bridge-Mono:</u> the second signal channel processes the same input as the first channel, but with
 reversed phase. The (single) load is connected between the two positive channel outputs using a
 suitable connection. While the total output of the amplifier remains the same, the available output
 voltage, the minimum impedance that can be connected and the voltage gain are doubled as
 compared with stereo operation. Typically, only channel 1 input is active. Positive and negative output
 connections vary depending on amplifier manufacturers.
- NEXO does not recommend Bridge Mono Mode unless amplifier power is clearly not sufficient.

IMPORTANT

When in Bridge-Mono mode, check your amplifier user manual for proper connection of outputs 1(+) and (2+) in relation to input phase.

- <u>Parallel-mono:</u> the output terminals of the two channels are configured in parallel using an internal relay. The (single) load is connected either to the output of channel 1 or to that of channel 2 (as if in stereo). While the total output of the amplifier remains the same the output voltage level is also the same as in stereo mode. The minimum impedance that can be connected is reduced by half due to the fact that current capability is doubled. Typically, only channel 1 input is active.
- NEXO does not recommend Parallel-Mono Mode for RS18 amplification.

Warning on amplifiers signal processing features

Some high-end amplifiers may include signal processing functions similar to those found in the NX242-ES4 TDcontroller ("loudspeaker offset integration", "limiter", "compressor," etc.). Moreover, when this processing is digital, computation latency time can introduce a few milliseconds delay from input to output. These functions are not adapted to specific system requirements and may interfere with the complex protection algorithms used in the NX242-ES4.

NEXO do not advise using other protection systems in conjunction with the NX242-ES4 and they should be disabled.

IMPORTANT

For proper system protection, no latency time or non-linear devices should be inserted between the output of NX242-ES4 TDController and the input of loudspeakers through use of DSP modules such as internal amplifier signal processing.

4 NEXO TD CONTROLLERS AND RS18 SETUPS

4.1 RS18 and NXAMP TDControllers

NEXO Powered TDControllers NXAMP 4X1 & 4X4 are integrated solutions for Control and amplification for all NEXO speaker ranges.

NXAMP4x1 and NXAMP4x4 power capability is listed in the table below:

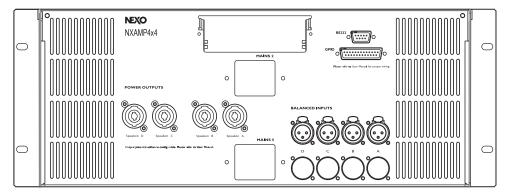
Mode	4 Channels	Bridge Stereo
NXAMP4x1	4 x 650 Watts / 8 Ohms	2 x 1800 Watts / 8 Ohms
	4 x 900 Watts / 4 Ohms	2 x 2600 Watts / 4 Ohms
	4 x 1300 Watts / 2 Ohms	
NXAMP4x4	4 x 1900 Watts / 8 Ohms	2 x 6800 Watts / 8 Ohms
	4 x 3400 Watts / 4 Ohms	2 x 8000 Watts / 4 Ohms
	4 x 4000 Watts / 2 Ohms	

4.1.1 NXAMP connectors

NXAMP4x1 and NXAMP4x4 rear panels feature:

- 4 analog inputs / outputs (links) on XLR3 connectors;
- 4 digital inputs / outputs on RJ45 connectors with optional card;
- 4 speaker level outputs on NL4FC connectors.

Figure below shows connectors implementation on the rear panel.



4.1.2 RS18 and NXAMP recommended configurations

	OMNI MODE	DIRECTIONAL MODE
1 x RS18	1 channel of NXAMP4x1 in Bridge Stereo Mode	2 channels of NXAMP4x1 in Bridge Stereo Mode
	1 channel of NXAMP4x4 in 4 channels mode	2 channels of NXAMP4x4 in 4 channels mode
2 x RS18	2 channels of NXAMP4x1 in Bridge Stereo Mode	2 channels of NXAMP4x1 in Bridge Stereo Mode
	2 channels of NXAMP4x4 in 4 channels mode	2 channels of NXAMP4x4 in 4 channels mode
3 x RS18	2 channels of NXAMP4x4 in 4 channels mode	2 channels of NXAMP4x4 in 4 channels mode

4.2 RS18 setups on NXAMP TDControllers

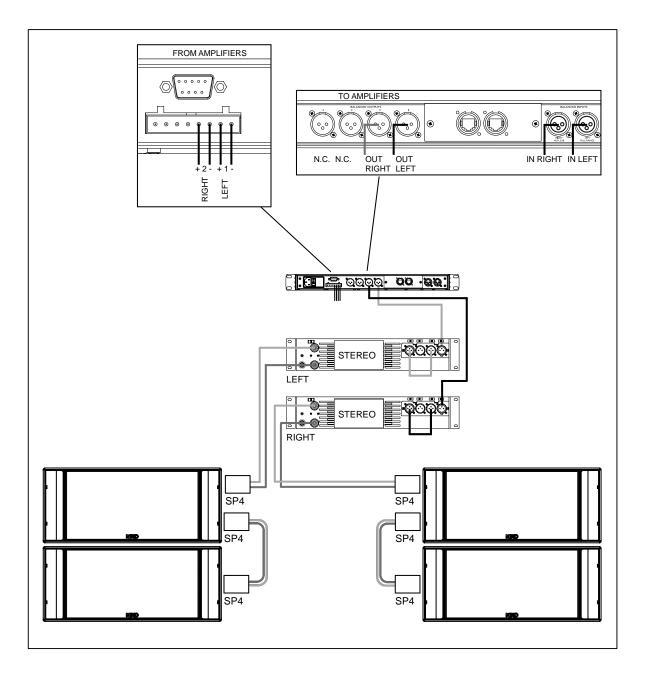
At RS18 release time (February 2010), 60 setups combining RS18 with NEXO speakers are available in NX242-ES4 / NXAMP load 2.52.

Please consult <u>www.nexo-sa.com</u> periodically for upgrade releases.

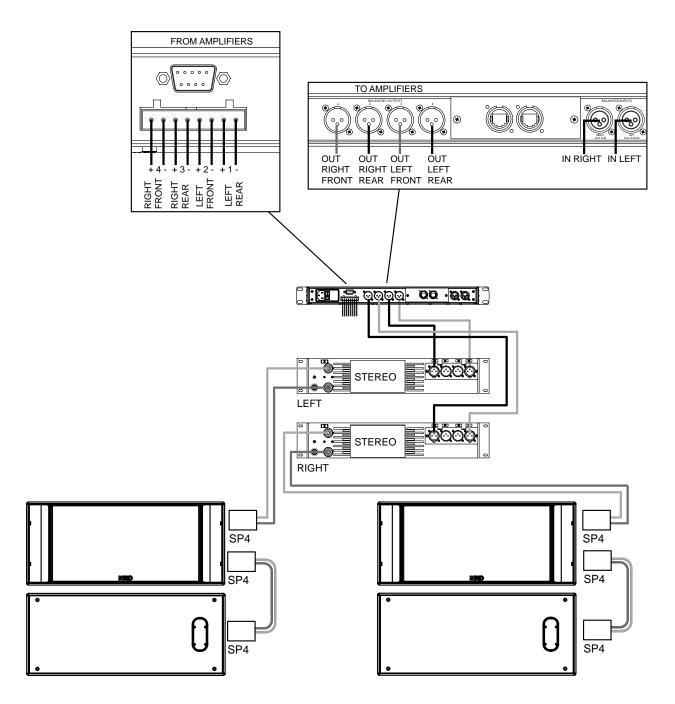
CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

5

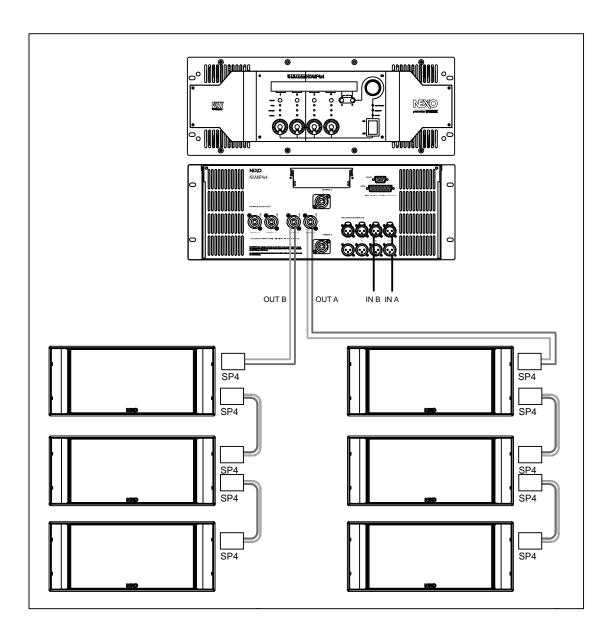
5.1 RS18 with NX242-ES4 TD Controller (Stereo Omni Mode)



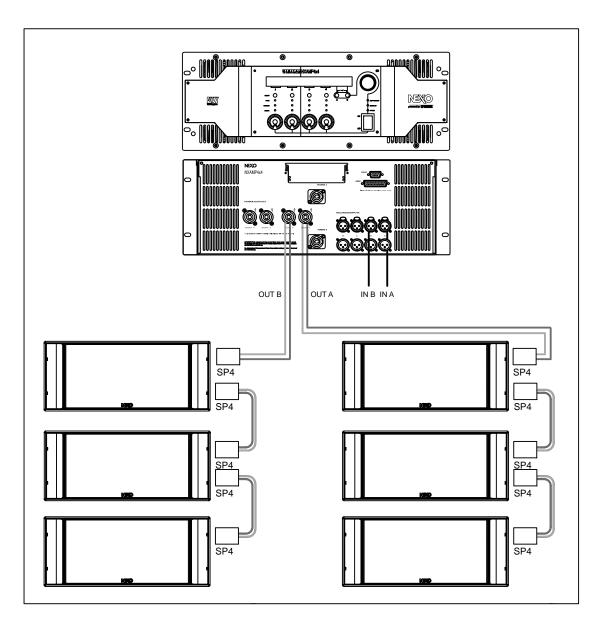
5.2 RS18 with NX242-ES4 TD Controller (Stereo Directional Mode)



5.3 RS18 with NXAMP4x4 (Stereo Omni Mode)



5.4 RS18 with NXAMP4x4 (Stereo Directional Mode)



6 **RS18 RIGGING INSTRUCTIONS**

Before proceeding with assembly of RS18 arrays, please ensure that the components are present and undamaged. A component list is appended to this manual. In the event of any shortage, please contact your supplier.

For maximum efficiency the RS18 rigging system requires three experienced persons for set-up: typically one motor hoist operator, and one RS18 operator per side of the array. Good synchronisation and crosscheck between the operators are key elements for a reliable and safe set-up.

6.1 SAFETY FIRST

RS18 Rigging System structural computations and related documents are available in Geosoft2 or at Nexo (<u>info@nexo.fr</u>) upon request.

We include this section to remind you of safe practice when flying the RS18 system. Please read it carefully. However, user must always apply his or her knowledge, experience and common sense. If in any doubt, seek advice from your supplier or NEXO agent.

This manual offers guidance only for RS18 RAYSUB systems. References in this manual to other rigging equipment such as motor hoists, steels, shackles etc. are made to clarify the description of RS18 procedures. The user must ensure that operators are properly trained by other agencies in the use of these items.

The RS18 Rigging System has been optimised for the deployment of vertical arrays of RS18 loudspeakers. No angle adjustment is allowed between cabinets.

The RS18 Rigging System is a professional precision tool set, and should be handled with extreme care. Only persons who are fully conversant with the operation of the RS18 Rigging System and provided with suitable safety equipment should deploy RAYSUB Arrays. Misuse of the RS18 Rigging System could lead to dangerous consequences.

Used and maintained correctly, the RS18 Rigging System will give many years of reliable service in portable systems. Please take the time to read and understand this manual.

6.1.1 Flown Systems Safety

- Always inspect all the rigging components and cabinets for damage before assembly. Pay special
 attention to the lifting points, and safety clips. If you suspect that any of the components are damaged
 or defective, DO NOT USE THE AFFECTED PARTS. Contact your supplier for replacements.
- Read this manual carefully. Also be familiar with the manuals and safe working procedures for any ancillary equipment that will be used with the RS18 Rigging System.
- Ensure that all local and National regulations regarding the safety and operation of flying equipment are understood and adhered to. Information on these regulations can usually be obtained from Local Government Offices.
- When deploying a RS18 system always wear protective headwear, footwear and eye protection.
- Do not allow inexperienced persons to handle a RS18 system. Installation personnel should be trained in loudspeaker flying techniques and should be fully conversant with this manual.
- Ensure that motor hoists, hoist control systems and ancillary rigging components are currently certified as safe and that they pass a visual inspection prior to use.
- Ensure that the public and personnel are not allowed to pass beneath the system during the installation process. The work area should be isolated from public access.
- Never leave the system unattended during the installation process.
- Do not place any object, no matter how small or light, on top of the system during the installation procedure. The object may fall when the system is flown and is likely to cause injury.
- Secondary safety steels must be installed once the system has been flown to the operating height. Secondary steels must be fitted irrespective of requirements of the local safety standards applicable to the territory.

- Ensure that the system is secure and prevented from pivoting around the motor hoist.
- Avoid any form of excessive dynamic loading to the assembly (structural computations on RS18 Rigging System are based on a 1/1.2 factor for hoist or motor acceleration).
- NEVER attach any item to the RS18 system other than the RS18 accessories.
- When flying outdoor systems ensure that the system is not exposed to excessive wind or snow loads and is protected from rainfall.
- The RS18 Rigging System requires regular inspection and testing by a competent test centre. NEXO
 recommend that the system is load tested and certified annually or more frequently if local regulations
 require.
- When de-rigging the system ensure that the same duty of care is given to the procedure as for the installation. Pack RS18 components carefully to prevent damage in transit.

6.1.2 Ground Stacking Safety

Statistically, many more injuries occur due to unstable ground stacked PA systems than those associated with flown systems. There are several reasons for this fact, however the message is clear:

- Always survey the supporting structure upon which a ground stack is to be built. Always look beneath
 PA wings to inspect the deck support and if necessary ask for the stage scrims and dressings be
 removed to allow access.
- If the stage surface slopes, as it does in some theatres, ensure that the system is prevented from sliding forwards due to vibration. This may require the fitting of timber battens to the stage floor.
- For outdoor systems ensure that that the system is protected from wind forces which might cause the ground stack to become unstable. Wind forces can be huge, especially upon large systems, and should never be underestimated. Observe meteorological forecasts, calculate the "worst case" effect upon the system prior to erection and ensure that the system is secured appropriately.
- Take care when stacking cabinets. Always employ safe lifting procedures and never attempt to build stacks without sufficient personnel and equipment.
- Never allow anyone, whether operators, artists or members of the public to climb onto a ground stacked PA system. Anyone who needs to climb over 2m (6 ft) high should be fitted with suitable safely equipment including a clip-on harness. Please refer to local Health and Safety legislation in your territory. Your dealer can help with advice on access to this information.
- Apply the same attention to all safety matters when de-stacking systems.
- Be aware that safety procedures are as important in the truck and in the warehouse as they are at the venue.

IMPORTANT

- All RS18 Accessories are specifically rated in agreement with structural computations.
- Never use other accessories including push-pins when assembling RS18 cabinets than the ones provided by NEXO: NEXO will decline responsibility over the entire RS18 accessory range if any component is purchased from a different supplier.

6.1.3 Contacts

Correct training is fundamental to safe practise when working with loudspeaker flying systems. NEXO recommend that users contact local industry associations for information on specialist courses.

Information for International training agencies can be obtained by contacting either:

The Production Services Association	Rigstar Training and Testing Center
(PSA),	82 Industrial Dr. Unit 4
School Passage,	Northampton, Massachusetts 01060 U.S.A.
Kingston-upon-Thames,	Phone: 413-585-9869 Fax: 413-585-9872
KT1 SDU Surrey,	school@rigstar.com
ENGLAND	
Telephone: +44 (0) 181 392 0180	
	ESTA

Entratianment Services & Technology Association 875 Sixth Avenue, Suite 1005 NEW YORK, NY 10001 USA Phone: 212-244-1505 – Fax: 212-244-1502 info@esta.org

6.2 Flying RS18 arrays

IMPORTANT

- Maximum allowed RS18 quantity to be flown is 12;
- RS18 bumper rigging point must be adjusted so that bumper always remains horizontal;
- RS18 flying system forbids angles between adjacent cabinets.

IMPORTANT

RS18 bumper is designed to be flown from one rigging point only. Motor hoist must be rated to support entire cluster weight.

Required items

- 1 x Bumper (RST-BUMPER18), 4 Quick release pins 10x25mm included;
- N Pair of RS18 Rigging Plates (RST-FPLATES18) for N cabinets, 4xN quick release pins 10x25mm (included).

6.2.1 Hoist Rating

N being RS18 quantity within a cluster, cluster weight is given by:

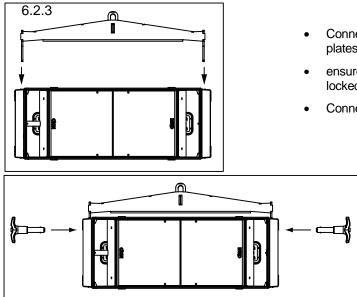
 $W_{cluster} = (30 kg/66 lbs) + Nx(131 kg/289 lbs)$

including cable weight up to 5kg/11lbs per RS18

Hoist rating is:

- Up to 3 RS18 cluster = $\frac{1}{2}$ ton hoist;
- 4 to 6 RS18 cluster = 1 ton hoist;
- 7 to 12 RS18 cluster = 2 ton hoist.

6.2.2 Connecting first RS18 to bumper



- Connect bumper to first RS18 flying system link plates by using 4 10x25mm quick release pins;
- ensure the 4 quick release pins are properly locked;
- Connect hoist hook to bumper axis (see below)

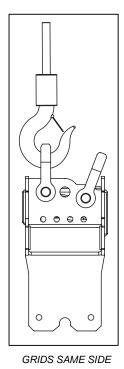
6.2.4 Adjusting rigging point for horizontality

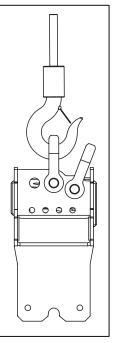
Before connecting a second cabinet, bumper angle has to be adjusted for perfect horizontality.

This requires that the rigging point is adjusted in the two horizontal directions so that the bumper remains horizontal within +/-1°. Adding cabinets will improve this tolerance.

Adjusting 0° along the cabinet depth

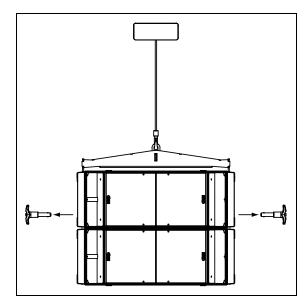
Adjusting horizontality along cabinet depth is done by properly selecting bumper hole:



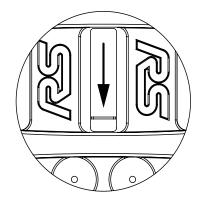


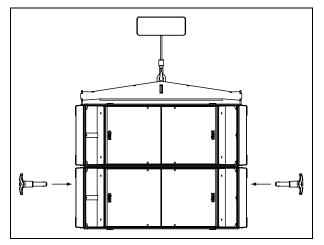
GRIDS ALTERNATE SIDE

6.2.5 Flying subsequent RS18s



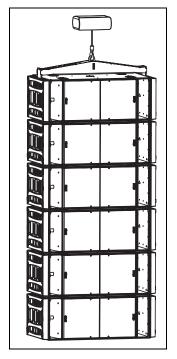
- Lift assembly to sufficient height in order to connect a second RS18;
- Position and align second RS18 below assembly;
- Remove the 4 quick release pins from the PARKING position so that sliding connector plate can be moved;



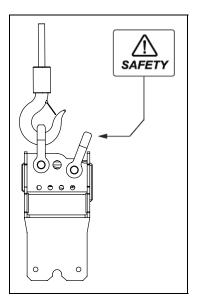


• On both sides, push the top RS18 sliding connecting plate all the way downwards into the second RS18 rigging system

- Insert the 4 quick release pins into the FLOWN position of second RS18
- ensure quick release pins are properly locked;



- Repeat above steps for subsequent RS18's;
- Lift cluster up to defined rigging height, and secure it horizontally to prevent rotation.



• Secure bumper with secondary safety steel.

IMPORTANT

Do not attempt to make any change to the bumper rigging point once the cluster is lifted

IMPORTANT

The requirements for secondary safety systems vary with territories. However, the secondary safety steel MUST have a SWL equivalent or greater than that of the rigging system

6.3 Testing and Maintenance of the RS18 flying system

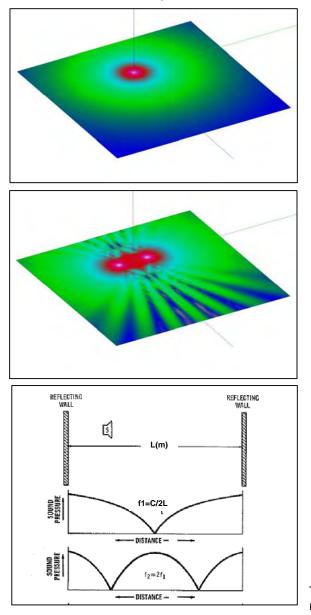
- General: please keep regular maintenance attention to the RS18 flying system in order to provide long and reliable service. NEXO recommends regular testing of loudspeaker rigging components, preferably using a suitable test rig coupled with a visual inspection.
- Fasteners: there are several critical points in the RS18 cabinets; primary concerns are:
 - the grid screws attaching the grid to the cabinet;
 - the screws attaching the connecting plates to the cabinet.
- These fasteners should be regularly checked and tightened as necessary.
- Cleaning: The exterior of the cabinet and the rigging system can be cleaned with a damp cloth soaked in mild soapy water. On no account use solvent based cleaners , which may damage the finishing of the cabinet
- After cleaning, the rigging system must be treated with a suitable lubricant to prevent rusting. NEXO
 recommends the use of Scottoil FS365 or equivalent which is a water-based lubricant with a mixture
 of machine oil, surfactant and anti-rust treatment.

GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR SUBWOOFER DESIGN

7.1 Low Frequency Issues

7

Even low frequency coverage is amongst the toughest issues in sound system design. Common issues that are faced in design are as follow:



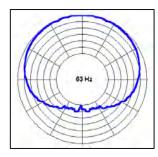
- Low frequency radiation is hard to control efficiently because of wavelength becoming large (10m / 30ft at 34 Hz) in relation to sources; and most of available subwoofers are omnidirectional; this results in important low frequency feedback on stage, environmental problems in outdoor venues and increased reverberation time in indoor venues;
- implementation Stereophonic of subwoofers introduces very strong interference patterns; these are related to Left and Right path length difference to listener location while pressure levels are comparable for Left and Right arrays; while always maximum at the center where distance to Left and Right arrays are equal -, pressure level can severely drop at locations where path length equals half the wavelength of frequency of interest. This effect is well-known from audio-engineers, and often referred to as

"Power Alley";

 In closed venues, room eigen modes (nulls and max) are dominant over source location; because these modes depend on accurate characterization of boundary surfaces (walls, ceiling, floor), audience coverage is very hard to predict.

To overcome these difficulties, some common sense rules can help.

7.2 Gradient Subwoofers benefits



Gradient subwoofers can provide up to 15 dB front to rear average attenuation (Please refer to Ray Sub technical note for in-detail explanation on gradient subwoofers).

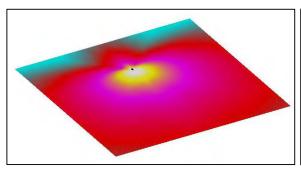
Low frequency level on stage is therefore significantly reduced on stage, and in the neighbouring environment in open air venues.

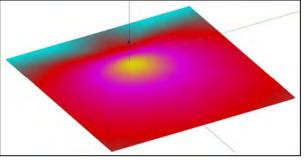
Because of their directional pattern, Gradient subwoofer are also less sensitive to room eigen modes.

7.3 Monophonic Design

Left and Right subwoofer arrays can be merged into a monophonic system so that interferences no longer exist.

When using few cabinets, this can be done by installing these cabinets at the centre front stage. If cabinets are set on the ground in front of the stage, level discrepancy from first to last rows will be important. Flying cabinets above centre stage will reduce first to last rows discrepancies significantly.

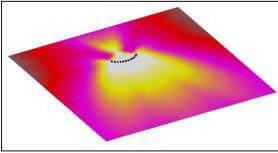


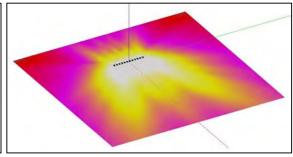


CENTRE STACKED DIRECTIONAL SUBWOOFER

CENTRE FLOWN DIRECTIONAL SUBWOOFER

When using a larger amount of cabinets, these can then be installed all across the stage provided distance between units does not exceed half the wavelength of the upper frequency limit (1.7m/5.6ft at 100 Hz). Array coverage can then be adjusted geometrically (by curving the array horizontally so that it matches the audience area, which creates an asymmetrical front stage to rear stage pattern with a "hot" point on stage) or electronically (by implementing a delay that increase from the centre to the sides, which creates a symmetrical pattern front to rear). In both cases, omnidirectional subwoofers should be avoided so low frequency that level on stage does not exceed level in the audience.





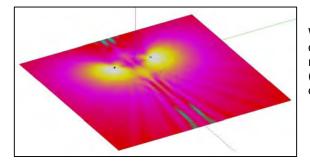
CURVED SUBWOOFER ARRAY ACROSS STAGE

STRAIGHT DELAYED SUBWOOFER ARRAY ACROSS STAGE

Main drawback of monophonic designs as the ones described above is inconsistent phase relationship between subwoofer arrays and main systems over the audience area (lack of impact in the 80Hz-125Hz bandwidth).

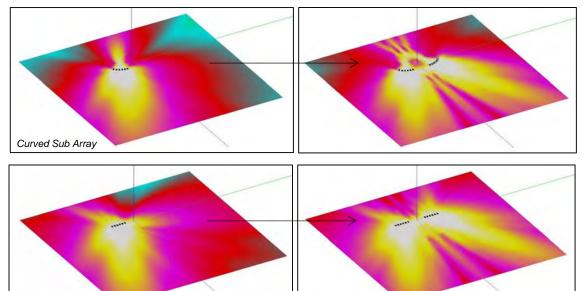
7.4 Stereo Design

If stereophonic implementation has to be maintained, then Left and Right array coverage patterns have to be as independent as possible – ie coverage overlap from Left to Right has to be minimized.



When using few cabinets, minimizing overlap can only be achieved with directional devices by rotating the subwoofers 30° to 45° outwards (rotating an omnidirectional subwoofer makes no difference in the coverage pattern).

When using a larger amount of cabinets, Left and Right subwoofers arrays must be designed so that level drops as much as possible inwards, and is maintained as going outwards. Therefore, main axis efficiency must be orientated outwards (through use of delays or curving the array outward as in below figure). Such arrays must be experimented playing one side only to check if above condition is fulfilled, and then summed left and right for interference evaluation (see below drawings). Although pressure level will still drop in the centre vicinity, overall level in the audience area is comparable to what occurs at the centre.



LEFT IMPLEMENTATION MINIMIZING RIGHT COVERAGE

Steered Sub Array

LEFT AND RIGHT SUM

Advantage of stereo design as oppose to mono design is much improved phase relationship between subwoofer arrays and main systems since distance between them is greatly reduced.

However, it is essential to keep in mind that stereo subwoofer array design always leads to strong interferences in the centre alley vicinity (a couple of steps left and right of mixing position).

A successful design requires minimizing the audience area over which these interferences occur, and therefore lots of on-site experimentation.

8 RAY SUBS IMPLEMENTATION

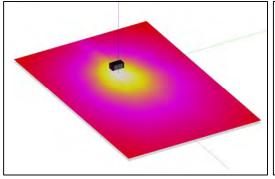
8.1 Omnidirectional Mode

8.1.1 Single RS18

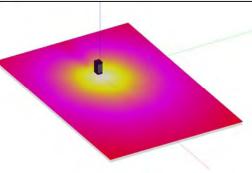
Omnidirectional Mode implementation should be favoured in configurations where:

- sufficient depth is not available for directional implementation (proscenium, front stage etc...);
- strong rear radiation is not critical.

Although wide in both cases, coverage is slightly narrower along RS18's width than height (see drawings below).



HORIZONTAL COVERAGE IN OMNI MODE



VERTICAL COVERAGE IN OMNI MODE

8.1.2 RS18 arrays

IMPORTANT

RS18s arrays must be installed with bumper set horizontally and all cabinets at 0°

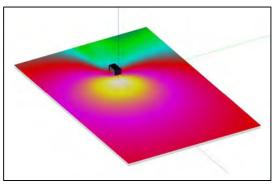
Design procedure should be in agreement with what has been described in the preceding section.

See following section on Steered Arrays

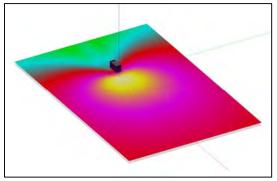
8.2 Directional Mode

8.2.1 Single RS18

Single RS18 have an asymmetrical pattern in the horizontal plane (ie speakers on the side), which is tilted 30° off-axis towards speakers direction; vertical pattern (ie speakers facing up or down) is symmetrical).



HORIZONTAL COVERAGE IN DIRECTIONAL MODE



VERTICAL COVERAGE IN DIRECTIONAL MODE

IMPORTANT

So that directional behaviour and acoustic load are not altered, no reflecting surface should be at less than 50cm (20") from the RS18 side walls and drivers.

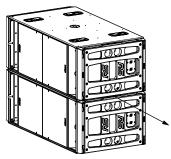
In case of stereo configurations, NEXO recommends that speaker side is set outwards to minimize interference region in stereo designs.

8.2.2 <u>RS18s pair</u>

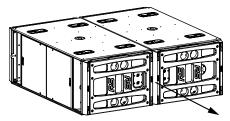
There are four ways of using pairs of RS18s in directional mode: "one side", "alternate", "back to back" and "face to face" (50cm / 20" between grids)

All of these configurations have symmetrical patterns with a smooth 15dB attenuation at the rear over the entire RS18 bandwidth, but significantly different horizontal coverage.

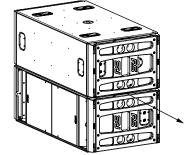
- "one side" configuration has a constant -3 dB coverage of 120° from 31.5 Hz to 80 Hz;
- "back to back" configuration has a -3dB coverage which decreases from 90° at 31.5 Hz to 60° at 80Hz;
- "alternate" configuration has a constant -3dB coverage of 90° from 31.5Hz to 80Hz;
- "face to face" configuration has a -3 dB coverage which increases from 90° at 31.5 Hz to 120° at 800 Hz.



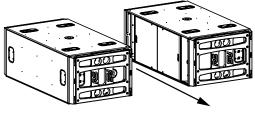
"ONE SIDE CONFIGURATION"



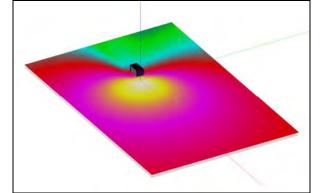
"BACK TO BACK" CONFIGURATION

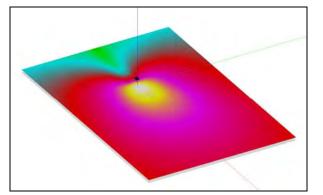


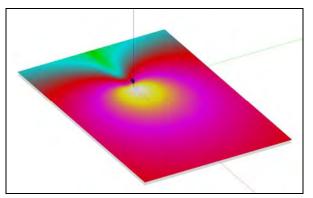
"ALTERNATE" CONFIGURATION"

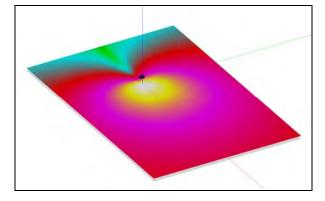


"FACE TO FACE" CONFIGURATION









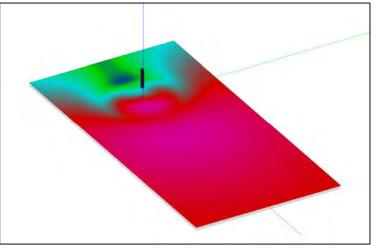
8.2.3 RS18s arrays

IMPORTANT

RS18s arrays must be installed with bumper set horizontally and all cabinets at 0°.

Flying RS18s columns can significantly improve low frequency coverage in the vertical plane, and therefore over audience depth provided height is sufficient.

A 12 RS18 cluster flown at 10m/30ft will provide a +/- 3dB pressure level deviation at 100Hz over an audience area 75m/200ft deep while maintaining 15 to 20dB attenuation on stage (see figure below).



12 RS18 "ALTERNATE" CLUSTER OVER 75M/200FT

8.3 Steered RS18s arrays

8.3.1 Steering technique

RS18s arrays must be flown vertically with bumper set horizontally and all cabinets at 0°.

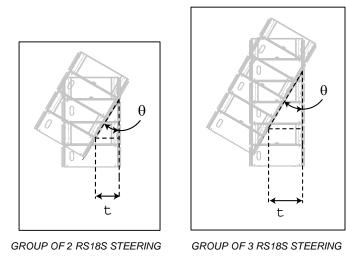
Coverage adjustments can be efficiently implemented through the "steering" technique, which consists in implementing delays in cabinets to tilt coverage up or down.

IMPORTANT

- "Steering" techniques should not be applied to clusters of less than 3 RS18;
- Coverage control through steering technique increases with cluster height.

Steering can be applied by unit, group of 2 or group of 3 in Omni Mode as well as in Directional Mode.

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"Steering" delays values for the pairs can easily be computed according to following formula:

 $\tau = h^* \sin(\theta) / C$ (metric)

 $\boldsymbol{\tau}$ is the value to be applied to the second pair

h is the height of tilted elements (1.04m for 2 RS18s, 1.56m for 3 RS18s)

C is the speed of sound (= 343m/s)

8.3.2 Delay values implementation

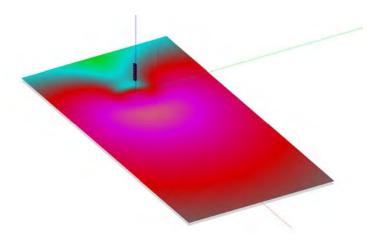
- If the coverage is to be tilted down, then top group delay should be set at 0ms and delay should progressively increase on lower groups.
- If the coverage is to be tilted up, then lower group delay should be set at 0ms and delay should progressively increase on upper pairs.
- Delay value for first group is always 0ms.
- Delay value for second unit or group is τ
- Delay values for subsequent units or groups are 2τ, 3τ etc...

Table below lists these values for typical angle values:

TILT ANGL	E	0°	5°	10°	15°	20°	25°	30°	35°	40°	45°
1 RS18	DELAY τ (ms)	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1
	DISTANCE (cm)	0	5	9	13	18	22	26	30	33	37
GROUP 2 RS18s	DELAY τ (ms)	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1
2 10103	DISTANCE (cm)	0	9	18	27	36	44	52	60	67	74
GROUP	DELAY τ (ms)	0.0	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2
3 RS18s	DISTANCE (cm)	0	14	27	40	53	66	78	89	100	110

8.3.3 Coverage result

Below figure shows coverage control over distance with a "steering" delay sequence corresponding to a 15° tilt down.



12 RS18 "ALTERNATE" CLUSTER OVER 75M/200FT, STEERED 15° DOWN

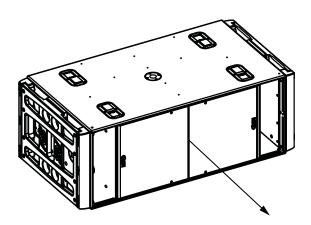
8.4 Aligning RS18s with main system

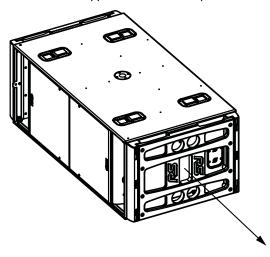
8.4.1 NEXO systems acoustic reference point

The NX TDControllers factory presets are optimised to provide the best possible crossover between the RS18'as and PS8/PS10/PS15, GeoS8/Geo12 systems. These crossover algorithms are defined for speaker acoustic reference points being aligned.

The acoustic reference point on all NEXO products is the front of each cabinet, therefore:

- RS18's reference point in Omni Mode is center of the front grid
- RS18's reference point in Directional Mode is center of the face opposite to connector panel.





RS18 REFERENCE POINT IN OMNI MODE

RS18 REFERENCE POINT IN DIRECTIONAL MODE

8.4.2 <u>Precautions</u>

It is common to use the AUX send of a mixing desk to drive the Sub section of a PA system. This gives the mixing engineer more flexibility to set the level of the subbass relative to the main PA, apply special effects, or to use a different EQ on the Sub. However, it also raises some serious issues for the performance & safety of the system (mostly time alignment).

At NEXO, great care is taken to design optimum phase alignment from one octave above to one octave below the crossover frequency point. By doing so, drivers are working perfectly together and providing the best efficiency possible. It is then up to the user to adjust the delay on the NX TDControllers to match the physical path difference of the different systems. It is thus possible to get a well adjusted system, even without measuring instruments.

If RS18s are driven form an AUX output, NX TDController is fed with two signals coming from different sources. If those two sources (MAIN output & AUX send) are not exactly in phase, delay is introduced into the crossover between main system and RS18s. It is then mandatory to use proper measurement tool to optimize phase response.

IMPORTANT

- Before using different outputs of a mixing desk, ensure that MAIN and SUB outputs are in phase;

- Never add additional low pass filtering on the SUB output or high pass filtering on the MAIN output;

- Always apply identical processing (EQ etc...) on both outputs, so that the phase relationship between MAIN and SUB is not altered;

8.4.3 Alignment with distance measurement

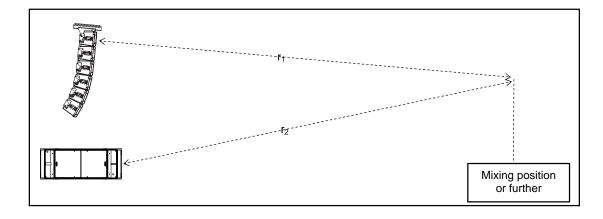
The fastest way to align RS18 arrays to a main system is simply to measure distance difference from listening point to RS18 and main system reference points.

 \mathbf{r}_1 being the distance from GEO S12 array to listener position, and \mathbf{r}_2 being the distance from RS18 to listener position, the distance difference is then \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2 (specified meters or feet).

- $\mathbf{r}_1 > \mathbf{r}_2$, the delay should be set on the RS18 TD controller channel.
- $\mathbf{r}_1 < \mathbf{r}_2$, the delay should be set on the GEO S12 TD controller channel
- $\Delta t = (\mathbf{r_1} \mathbf{r_2})/C$ gives conversion from distance to delay $\mathbf{r_1}$, $\mathbf{r_2}$ in meters, C = 343 m/s.

NEXO recommends that main system and subwoofer systems are adjusted so that arrivals from RS18 and PS/GEOS are coincident at a fairly distant listening position (mixing position or further).

Because of proper acoustic reference point definition in NEXO TDControllers DSP setups, this method is highly reliable.



8.4.4 Alignment with phase measurement

Phase measurement with real time FFT analyzer can also provide reliable measurements, provided:

- measurement microphone is set on the ground to avoid floor interference in the reading;
- floor is perfectly rigid (concrete);
- measurement microphone is set far from any walls / ceiling, or inside angles / corners;
- coherence values are high (typically above 75%).

If one of above conditions is not respected, then distance measurement should be preferred.

8.5 <u>Recommended installation tools and equipment</u>

- Tape measure should be 30m/100ft in length and be of durable fibre material. Have one per array available to speed up the installation process.
- Laser Inclinometer For measuring vertical and horizontal angles in the venue. An ideal product is the Calpac 'Laser projecting a dot' version which costs approximately 60 €
- Spirit level used to ascertain the trueness of the surface from which the angle measurements originate.
- Rangefinder measuring device either a Disto type laser measure or an optical laser rangefinder can be used. Devices such as the Bushnell 'Yardage Pro' sports rangefinders provide sufficiently accuracy and are easy to use. They have the additional advantage of working very well in bright sunlight.
- Electronic calculator with trigonometric functions to calculate the height from ground level to points in the room. The formula to calculate height of a point from measured angle and distance is:
- Height of point = Sin(vertical angle in degrees) x distance to point
- NB: Take care when using spreadsheets as they calculate using radians by default. To convert degrees to radians use the formula:
- Angle (in radians)=3.142 x Angle (in degrees)/180
- Computer Laptop or Desktop PC running Windows 2000 or XP with the current version of NEXO GeoSoft2 installed. It is not possible to configure a Geo tangent array properly without using GeoSoft2. Note that, when GeoSoft2 designs are prepared prior to arrival at the venue, it is often necessary to modify or update the design to accommodate special circumstances. A PC is absolutely essential to make such changes.
- Audio Analysis Software recommended but not absolutely essential, programs such as Easera Systune[™], Spectralab[™] or WinMLS[™] enable rapid and detailed analysis of the installation. Consider taking a training course in using one of these tools if you are not already competent with them it will pay dividends in increased performance of the system.

9 RS18 System Check List

It is essential to execute all these check steps prior to a sound check on the "front end" to the system. Following this checklist step by step will prevent many troubles and will save time in the end.

9.1 Are the NX Digital TDcontrollers properly configured?

IMPORTANT

If you must change any of the parameters listed below, make sure that you use the same values on all NX's.

Output Assignment

NX Setup / NXChannel	1	2	3	4
RS18 4 Channels Omni Mode	RS18-1	RS18-2	RS18-3	RS18-4
RS18 Stereo Directional Mode	RS18 Rear Left	RS18 Front Left	RS18 Rear Right	RS18 Front Right

Output parameters

Output	Amp	Amp	Global	Global	Sense	Array EQ	Headrom
Label	Gain (2)	Power (2)	Gain	Delay	Gain		(4)
All channels	26 dB	refer to amp	0 dB	0 ms	0 dB	0	5 bars

(1) Local gain and delay values are inter-locked on channel 1&2 and 3&4 in Directional Mode

(2) values for recommended amplifier gain and power : should be set in agreement with selected amplifiers specifications

(3) Should be in agreement with implemented cluster; acts on a shelving filter designed to compensate for LF coupling.

(4) Disabled when using digital inputs.

9.2 Are the amplifiers properly configured?

Freq. Band	Mode	Gain Switch	Limiter	High Pass
All channels	Stereo	26 dB	None	None

9.3 Are the amps and the NX properly connected?

Check that the sense lines on the NX's are properly connected by applying a signal to the corresponding output and verify that the correct Sense LED illuminates.

9.4 Are the speakers properly connected?

- Attach the first serie of modules to the bumper
- Before flying, verify that all drivers of all modules are functioning properly.
- Make sure that each RS18 driver is producing proper summation in omni mode:
- The two RS18 individual 18" driver should sum up by 6 dB;
- Doubling RS18 quantity (2, 4 and so on) should also produce 6 dB gain.
- Make sure that each RS18 is producing the proper front/rear summation in directional mode:

- when listening from behind the system, switch the front drivers in and out. You should hear a
 reduction in the LF range when the both front and rear drivers are on as compared to when the rear
 drivers only are on;
- When listening from the front, you should hear a strong increase in the LF range when connecting the rear drivers.
- Raise the bumper, attach the next series of modules and repeat the above checks.
- Make sure that these series of modules sum properly with the modules above them.

9.5 Final Pre-Sound Check Check

- Play a CD track (preferably generous and periodic in the LF content) on the SUB output, mono left, mono right and then both sides:
- both sides must sound strictly identical when listening at the center;
- level must not decrease at the center when playing left and right simultaneously as opposed to one side only.
- Play the same CD track on the MAIN system, on the SUB system, then on both:
- Inverting polarity on one of these outputs MAIN or SUB should always result in a massive difference near the crossover point.

10 RS18 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

10.1 System specifications

RS18 PRODUCT FEATURES	
Components	2 x 18" (46cm) long excursion neodynium 8Ω drivers
Height x Width x Depth	520 x 1403 x 732mm (20.46" x 55.24" x 28.81") with handles
	520 x 1238 x 732mm (20.46" x 49.92" x 28.81") without handles
Shape	Rectangular
Weight	Net Weight with handles 105Kg (231.5 lbs)
	Net Weight with rigging system 126Kg (278 lbs)
	Net Weight without accessories 90Kg (199 lbs)
Connectors 4 x NL4MP SPEAKON 4 pole on two connection plates (In & Through)	
Construction	Baltic Birch ply finish with structured black coating
	Dark grey carpet finish also available

RS18 with NX242-ES4 TDcontroller or NXAMP SYSTEM SPECIFICATION				
	Omni	Directional		
Frequency Response @ -3db [a]	32Hz-100Hz	32Hz-100Hz		
Usable Range @ -6db [a]	29Hz-250Hz	29Hz-150Hz		
Sensitivity 1W @ 1m [b]	105dB SPL Nominal	103dB SPL Nominal		
Peak SPL @ 1m [b]	143–146dBPeak	140–143dBPeak		
	(2x1250 to 2 x 3000W/8Ω)	(2x1250W to 2 x 3000W/8Ω)		
Dispersion	Omni & Directional pattern over the entire useable bandwidth depending on the NX242 or NXAMP TDcontrollers setup. (two channels of the NX242ES4 or NXAMP are required to process directional setups)			
Directivity Index [c]	1.5 <q<2 1.7db<di<3db<="" td=""><td>Q=4.3 DI=5.3dB</td></q<2>	Q=4.3 DI=5.3dB		
Crossover Frequency: NX242 or NXAMP TDcontrollers preset dependent	From 75Hz to 100Hz	From 75Hz to 100Hz		
Nominal Impedance	2 x 8Ω	2 x 8Ω		
Recommended Amplifiers	1 amplifier channel is required for omni mode operation, rated at 2000 to 4000 Watts into 4Ω	2 amplifier channels are required for directional mode operation, each rated at 1000 to 2000 Watts into 8Ω per channel		

SYSTEM OPERATION			
Electronic Controller	NX242ES4 Digital TDcontroller & NXAMP Powered Digital TDcontroller presets are precisely matched to RS18 and include sophisticated protection systems.		
	Using RS18 without a properly connected TDController will result in poor sound quality and can damage components.		
Speaker Cables	1-/1+ = Right or Rear		
	2-/2+ = Left or Front		
	The RS18 must use separate cables to the main system		
Accessories	Bumper – Flying Plates – Dolly - Front Wheel Board		
Rigging system [d]	Please refer to the user manual before any operation		

SHIPPING & ORDERING

Packaging	RS18s are packaged individually.
	Order RS18-C (finished grey carpeting) or RS18-P (finished in black structured coating)

As part of a policy of continual improvement, NEXO reserves the right to change specifications without notice. [a] Response curves and data: anechoic far field above 200 Hz, half-space anechoic below 200 Hz. [b] Sensitivity & peak SPL: will depend on spectral distribution. Measured with band limited pink noise. [a] [b]

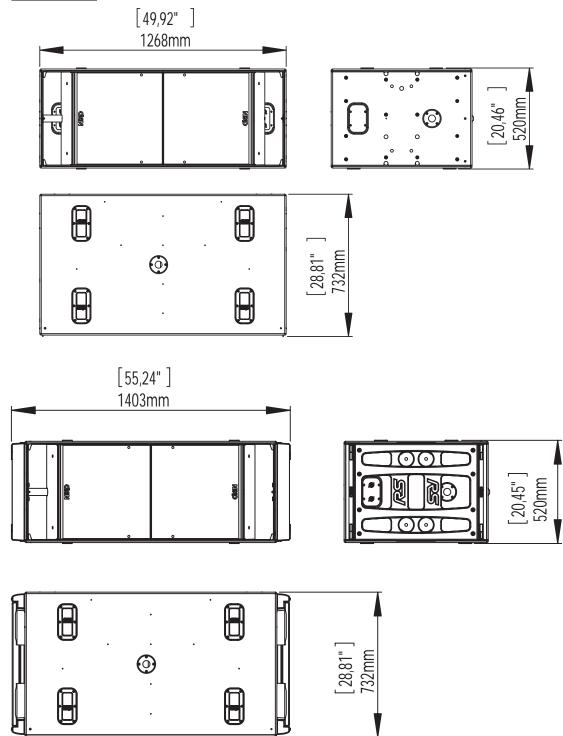
Refers to the specified +/- 3 dB range. Data are for speaker + processor + recommended amplifier combinations.

[C] Directivity curves and data: 1/3 octave smoothed frequency response, normalized to on-axis response. Data obtained by computer processing of off-axis response curves. Please refer to the RS18 user Manual.

[d]

Usable range data: frequency response capability with TD crossover slopes removed.

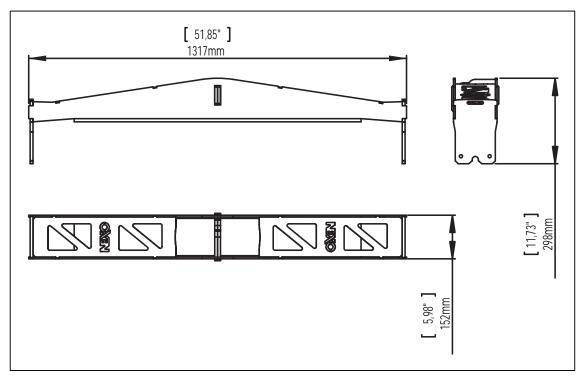
10.2 Dimensions



10.3 RS18 Accessories

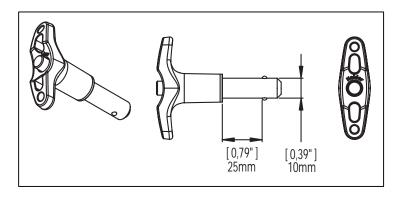
10.3.1 RS18-BUMPER

Dimensions



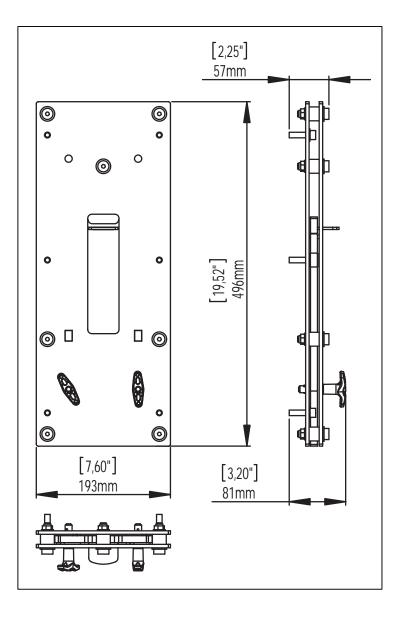
10.3.2 RS18 Push-Pins

Dimensions



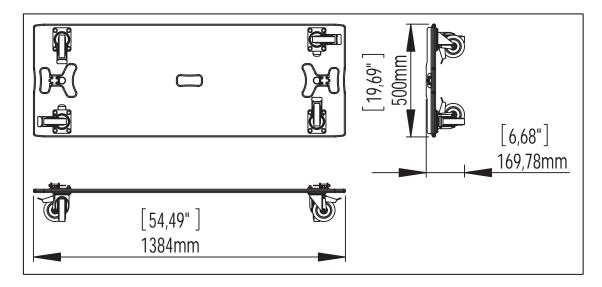
10.3.3 <u>RS18-FPLATES</u>

Dimensions



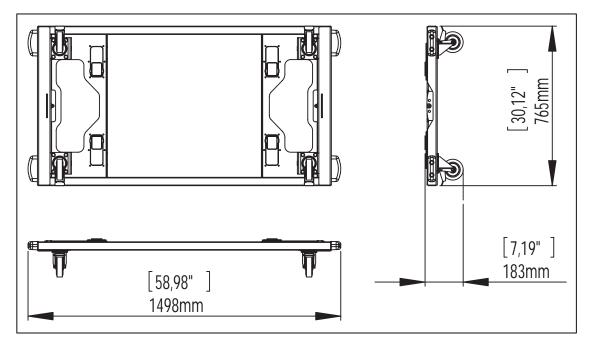
10.3.4 RS18-FRONT WHEELBOARD

Dimensions



10.3.5 <u>RS18-DOLLY</u>

Dimensions

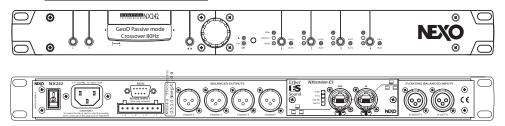


10.4 NX242-ES4 Digital TDController

10.4.1 Specifications

Output Level +28 dBu Max. into 600 Ohm load Dynamic Range 110 dBu THD + Noise < 0.002% flat setup (for output at 27.5dBu) Latency time 1.7ms on a flat setup Power Supply 90V-260V PRODUCT FEATURES Audio Inputs 24 bit converters Electronically Balanced, 50k Ohm. 2 XLR-3F Connectors. 4 Digital Ethersound Inputs with NXTension ES4 Card Sense Inputs 4 Amplifier Sense Inputs Floating 150 kΩ. 18 bit converters Floating 150 kΩ. 18 bit converters 8 Pole Removable Strip Terminal. Audio Outputs 4 Audio Outputs. 24 bit converters Electronically balanced, 50 Ohm 4 XLR-3M connectors 4 Digital Ethersound Outputs with NX-ES4 Card (enabled for compatible amplifiers only) Processing 24 bit data with 48-bit accumulator. 200 MIPS Front Panel Menu A and Menu B buttons 16 characters by 2 lines display Select Wheel & Enter button (+) IN Clip – DSP Clip red LED's Speaker Protection yellow LED for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel Amp. Sense & Peak (green & red) LED's for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel <t< th=""><th>SPECIFICATIONS</th><th></th></t<>	SPECIFICATIONS				
THD + Noise < 0.002% flat setup (for output at 27.5dBu)	Output Level	+28 dBu Max. into 600 Ohm load			
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4 XLR-3M connectors 4 Digital Ethersound Outputs with NX-ES4 Card (enabled for compatible amplifiers only) Processing 24 bit data with 48-bit accumulator. 200 MIPS Front Panel Menu A and Menu B buttons 16 characters by 2 lines display Select Wheel & Enter button (• •) IN Clip – DSP Clip red LED's Speaker Protection yellow LED for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors 2 x RJ45 connectors	Audio Outputs	4 Audio Outputs. 24 bit converters			
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Processing 24 bit data with 48-bit accumulator. 200 MIPS Front Panel Menu A and Menu B buttons 16 characters by 2 lines display Select Wheel & Enter button (• •) IN Clip – DSP Clip red LED's Speaker Protection yellow LED for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.		4 XLR-3M connectors			
Front Panel Menu A and Menu B buttons 16 characters by 2 lines display Select Wheel & Enter button (• •) IN Clip – DSP Clip red LED's Speaker Protection yellow LED for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel Amp. Sense & Peak (green & red) LED's for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.		4 Digital Ethersound Outputs with NX-ES4 Card (enabled for compatible amplifiers only)			
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IN Clip – DSP Clip red LED's Speaker Protection yellow LED for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel Amp. Sense & Peak (green & red) LED's for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.		16 characters by 2 lines display			
Speaker Protection yellow LED for each channel Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel Amp. Sense & Peak (green & red) LED's for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.		Select Wheel & Enter button (• •)			
Individual Mute/Solo buttons and red LED for each channel Amp. Sense & Peak (green & red) LED's for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.		IN Clip – DSP Clip red LED's			
Amp. Sense & Peak (green & red) LED's for each channel FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.					
FLASH EPROM Software updates/upgrades, new system setups, available on www.nexo-sa.com Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.					
Rear Panel RS232 connector for serial com 2 x RJ45 connectors Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.					
Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.	FLASH EPROM				
Dimensions & Weight 1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.	Rear Panel	RS232 connector for serial com			
		2 x RJ45 connectors			
	Dimensions & Weight	1U 19" Rack - 230 mm (9") Depth.			
4 NY	Ū	4 kg			

10.4.2 Front and Rear Panel view

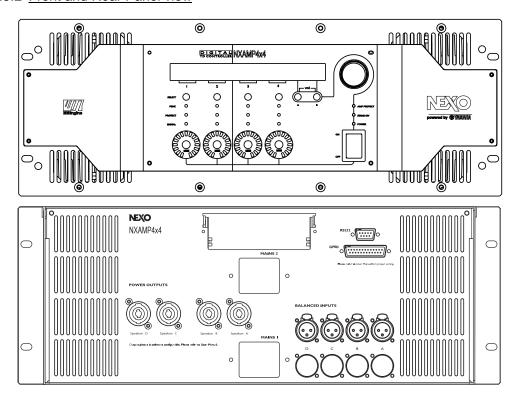


10.5 NXAMP4x1 & NXAMP4x4 Powered Digital TDControllers

10.5.1 Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS	NXAMP4x1	NXAMP4x4			
Number of Amplifier Channels	4 channels, 2 by 2 bridgeable	4 channels, 2 by 2 bridgeable			
Max Output Voltage (no load)	4 x 105 V	4 x 200 V			
Max Output Power (8Ω)	4 x 600 W	4 x 1900 W			
Max Output Power (4Ω)	4 x 900 W 4 x 3300 W				
	4 x 1300 W	4 x 4000 W			
Max Output Power (2Ω)					
Power Consumption (Standby)	10 W	20 W			
Power Consumption (Idle)	100 W	150 W			
Power Consumption (1/8 Power)	1100 W	3000 W			
Analog Input Channels	4 channels In / Out				
Frequency Response	+/-0.5dB from 10 Hz to 20 kHz				
Input Impedance	20 kΩ				
Max Input Level	+28 dBu				
Dynamic Range	105 dB unweighted				
THD+Noise	Typical 0.1% flat setup				
Latency Time	500us on flat setup				
FEATURES					
Audio Inputs Connectors	4 balanced analogue inputs on XLR3F + lin				
	4 digital inputs via optional Ethersound Car				
Speaker Outputs Connectors	4 Speakon outputs with internal power relay	ys for automatic output assignment.			
RS232 Port	Allows firmware upgrade for software impro	•			
GPIO Port	5 Global Purpose Inputs and 8 Global Purp				
DSP Processing	Two DSP's 24bits 48bit accumulator 700MIPS				
Front Panel		u A and Menu B buttons, 40x2 characters			
		r LED's, volume indicators (15 LED's), Mute			
	amp peak red LED	al green LED, Speaker protection yellow LED,			
Rear Panel		ckets, RS232 serial communication connector,			
		network extension card, 4 XLR inputs, 4 XLR			
	links, 4 Speakon NL4.				
Power Supply	Dedicated versions for 100-120 V or 220-240 V				
Dimensions & Weight	NXAMP4x1: 3U 19" Rack – 457mm (18") D	epth – 16.5kg (33lbs) net			
	NXAMP4x4: 4U 19" Rack – 457mm (18") D	epth – 24.5kg (49lbs) net			
NXAMP USER CONTROLS					
System Selection	Allows control across all NEXO range				
System Setup	Within selected range, allows cabinets to be	e set for:			
	passive or active;				
	wideband or cross-over;				
	cross-over points;				
	omni or directional modes.				
Protections (factory defined)	Peak limiters fitted for both selected speake Acceleration protection preventing membra	•			
	Displacement protection preventing over-ex				
	Temperature protection preventing voice-co				
	Inter-channel regulation				
Delay	Up to 150m (330ft) in 10cm (4") steps				
Input Patching	Allows any of the inputs to be routed to any output				
Output Gain	Global and individual channel gain +/-6dB in 0.5dB steps				
Volume Control	Global and individual channel gain -inf to 0dB in 16 variable steps				
Save / Recall	Stores up to 40 user setups; "On-the-Fly" recalls				
Array EQ	LF or HF shelving filters to compensate for arrays quantity dependent behaviour				
Security Mode	Password protected for Read-Only or Remo				
Remote Control	Full Remote Control via Ethersound Digital Network Protocole and ESMonitor software				
STATUS					
Green Status	ROHS, WEEE				
Certification	UL, SEMKO (CE), CCC, KOREA, TSS, PSI	F			
Certification	[0L, 0L] (0L), 000, NOREA, 133, PSI				

10.5.2 Front and Rear Panel view



11 RS18 Parts & Accessories List

11.1 Modules & Control Electronics List

MODEL	DRAWING	DESCRIPTION
RS18		RS18 Subwoofer
NX242-ES4		Digital TDController with NX-ES4 Card
NXAMP4x1		Power Digital TDController 4x1300W/2Ω
NXAMP4x4		Power Digital TDController 4x4000W/2Ω

11.2 Accessories List

MODEL	DRAWING	DESCRIPTION
RST-BUMPER18		Main RS18 Bumper
RST- FPLATES18		Rigging plate (pair).
RST-WB18		2 Wheels on wood skids (pair)
RST-DOLLY18		RS18 Dolly (3 RS18 max)

12 USER NOTES

France

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